

Dublin in Ireland

The most popular places that you have to see

Cathedrals in Dublin – Ireland



The first, you should visit probably the most charming cathedral in whole Dublin – Christ Church Cathedral. This monumental edifice was built in XI century by king Sitric Silkbeard.

Cathedrals in Dublin – Ireland



After that, you shall go to St. Patrick's Cathedral. This XII century cathedral was built on the initiative of John Comyn, first Anglo-Norman Archbishop of Dublin.

Palaces in Dublin – Ireland



Leinster House is the seat of the Oireachtas, the national parliament of Ireland. Construction of this building was finished in 1748.

Palaces in Dublin – Ireland



The Mansion House is the official residence of the Lord Mayor of Dublin since 1715. This great object was built in 1710 by merchant, Joshua Dawson.

Other places you need to visit



Phoenix Park near Dublin – lying 2-4 km west of the city centre. Its 11 km perimeter wall encloses 707 hectares, one of the largest walled city parks in Europe.



In the Phoenix Park you can take a picture with Wellington Monument. It is an obelisk which situated at the southeast end of the Park, nearby Kilmainham and the River Liffey.



The National Gallery of Ireland houses the Irish national collection of Irish and European art. It is located in the centre of Dublin. It was founded in 1854. The Gallery has an extensive, representative collection of Irish and Italian Baroque painting. Entry to the gallery is free.

Dublin – the short directory

Dublin is the capital and most populous city of Ireland. The English name for the city is derived from the Irish name *Dubhlinn*, meaning "black pool". Dublin is situated in the province of Leinster near the midpoint of Ireland's east coast.

Dublin – the short directory

The city expanded rapidly from the 17th century; it was briefly the second largest city in the British Empire and the fifth largest in Europe. Dublin entered a period of stagnation following the Act of Union of 1800, but it remained the economic centre for most of the island. Following the partition of Ireland in 1922, the new parliament, the Oireachtas, was located in Leinster House. Dublin became the capital of the Irish Free State and later the Republic of Ireland.

Dublin – the short directory

Similar to the cities of Cork, Limerick, Galway and Waterford—Dublin is administered separately from its respective County with its own City Council. The city is listed by the Globalization and World Cities Research Network (GaWC) as a global city, with a ranking of "Alpha-". It is a historical and contemporary cultural centre for the country, as well as a modern centre of education, the arts, administration, economy, and industry.